

**THE INFLUENCE OF LIBRARY SPATIAL LAYOUT ON THE LEVEL
OF USER COMFORT IN THE LIBRARY OF UNIVERSITAS
TEKNOLOGI DIGITAL INDONESIA (UTDI) YOGYAKARTA**

THESIS

Submitted to the Library Science Study Program, Faculty of Adab and Cultural
Sciences Sunan Kalijaga State Islamic University Yogyakarta to Fulfill One of the
Requirements for Obtaining a Bachelor of Library Science Degree



STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY
SUNAN KALIJAGA
YOGYAKARTA

By:

Linda Nur Fajri Wahyu Purwaningrum

21101040030

STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY
SUNAN KALIJAGA
LIBRARY SCIENCE STUDY PROGRAM
FACULTY OF ADAB AND CULTURAL SCIENCE
SUNAN KALIJAGA STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY
YOGYAKARTA

2025



KEMENTERIAN AGAMA
UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SUNAN KALIJAGA
FAKULTAS ADAB DAN ILMU BUDAYA
Jl. Marsda Adisucipto Telp. (0274) 513949 Fax. (0274) 552883 Yogyakarta 55281

PENGESAHAN TUGAS AKHIR

Nomor : B-922/Un.02/DA/PP.00.9/06/2025

Tugas Akhir dengan judul : The Influence Of Library Spatial Layout On The Level Of Comfort In The Library Of Universitas Teknologi Digital Indonesia (UTDI) Yogyakarta

yang dipersiapkan dan disusun oleh:

Nama : LINDA NUR FAJRI WAHYU PURWANINGRUM
Nomor Induk Mahasiswa : 21101040030
Telah diujikan pada : Selasa, 03 Juni 2025
Nilai ujian Tugas Akhir : A

dinyatakan telah diterima oleh Fakultas Adab dan Ilmu Budaya UIN Sunan Kalijaga Yogyakarta

TIM UJIAN TUGAS AKHIR



Ketua Sidang

Dr. Tafrikhuddin, S.Ag. M.Pd.
SIGNED

Valid ID: 684abc5c4dca3



Penguji I

Faisal Syarifudin, S.Ag. S.S. M.Si.
SIGNED

Valid ID: 68483566da3ce



Penguji II

Muhammad Ainul Yaqin, S.Pd. M.Ed.
SIGNED

Valid ID: 6849406713605



Yogyakarta, 03 Juni 2025
UIN Sunan Kalijaga
Dekan Fakultas Adab dan Ilmu Budaya

Prof. Dr. Nurdin, S.Ag., S.S., M.A.
SIGNED

Valid ID: 684ba3c0b3931

STATEMENT OF AUTHENTICITY

Assalamualaikum Wr.Wb

The undersigned below, I:

Name : Linda Nur Fajri Wahyu Purwaningrum
NIM : 21101040030
Study Program : Library Science
Faculty : Adab and Cultural Sciences

Stating that the thesis entitled " The Influence of Library Spatial Layout on the Level of Comfort" Library users at the Indonesian Digital Technology University (UTDI) Yogyakarta Library" is the result of the researcher's work and is not plagiarism of other people's work, except in a way written cited follow scientific standards and procedures and listed in the bibliography. If it is later proven to be plagiarism of someone else's work, then all the responsibility lies with the researcher.

Thus, the letter is made and can be used as it should be.

Wassalamualaikum Wr. Wb

Yogyakarta, 28 Mei 2025

Y:



Linda Nur Fajri Wahyu
Purwaningrum

21101040030

Dr. Tafrikhuddin, S.Ag. M.Pd

Lecturer of Library Science Study Program, Faculty of Adab and Cultural Sciences

Sunan Kalijaga State Islamic University

OFFICIAL MEMO

Subject : Thesis
Lamp : 1 (One) copy

To:

Dean of the Faculty of Adab and Cultural Sciences
Sunan Kalijaga State Islamic University Yogyakarta

Assalamualaikum Wr, Wb

After reading, correcting, and suggesting repair as necessary, I, as the supervisor thinks that the thesis you:

Name	: Linda Nur Fajri Wahyu Purwaningrum
NIM	: 21101040030
Study Program	: Library Science
Faculty	: Adab and Cultural Sciences
Title	: The Influence of Library Spatial Layout on the Level of Comfort Librarians at the Library of the Universitas Teknologi Digital Indonesia (UTDI) Yogyakarta

It can be submitted as one of the requirements to obtain a bachelor's degree in the Library Science Study Program, Faculty of Adab and Cultural Sciences, UIN Sunan Kalijaga Yogyakarta. Based on this, I hope that the thesis by the above brothers can be immediately approved and tried in the munaqosyah.

Thus, thank you for your attention.

Wassalamualaikum Wr. Wb.

Yogyakarta, 28 Mei 2025

Pembimbing,


Dr. Tafrikhuddin, S.Ag.M.Pd
NIP. 19730205 199903 1 003

DEDICATION PAGE

Dedicate this thesis to the alma mater of UIN Sunan Kalijaga Yogyakarta (Faculty
of Adab and Cultural Sciences)

To the author's parents, father and mother, who have raised, loved, cared for
sincerely until now, given support, and always prayed for the author with all their
hearts, and the author's two younger siblings, who always encourage the author.

People who have always supporting and loving the author all this time



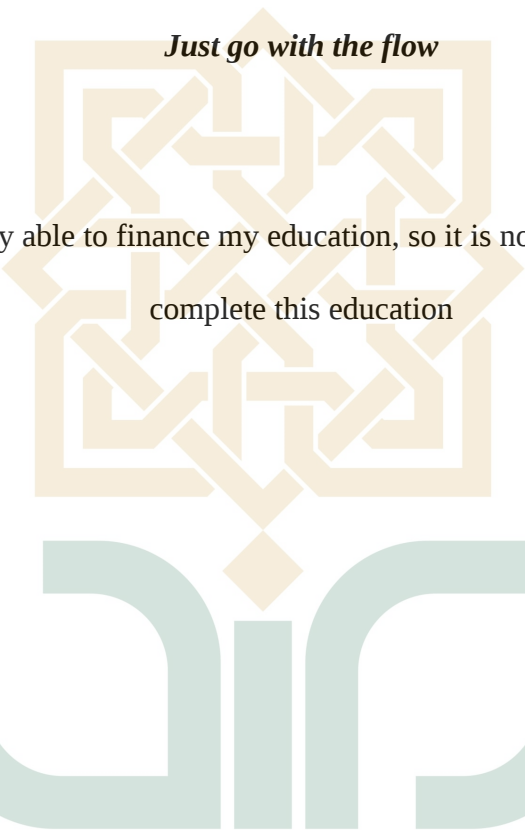
MOTTO

“God does not burden somebody, but according to his ability”

(QS. Al-Baqarah: 286)

Just go with the flow

My mother is only able to finance my education, so it is not possible that I did not
complete this education



STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY
SUNAN KALIJAGA
YOGYAKARTA

INTISARI

PENGARUH TATA RUANG PERPUSTAKAAN TERHADAP TINGKAT KENYAMANAN PEMUSTAKA DI PERPUSTAKAAN UNIVERSITAS TEKNOLOGI DIGITAL INDONESIA (UTDI) YOGYAKARTA

Linda Nur Fajri Wahyu Purwaningrum
21101040030

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui ada atau tidaknya pengaruh tata ruang perpustakaan terhadap tingkat kenyamanan pemustaka di perpustakaan universitas teknologi digital indonesia (UTDI) Yogyakarta. Penelitian ini dilakukan dengan menggunakan metode penelitian kuantitatif dengan tahap analisis diawali dengan uji deskriptif menggunakan *mean* dan *grand mean*, uji normalitas, uji linearitas, uji hipotesis, serta uji regresi linear sederhana. Teknik pengumpulan data pada penelitian ini menggunakan observasi, wawancara, dan angket. Pengukuran data dilakukan menggunakan skala likert dengan empat pilihan jawaban. Hasil analisis data diketahui bahwa H_1 diterima yang berarti bahwa terdapat pengaruh signifikan dari tata ruang perpustakaan terhadap tingkat kenyamanan pemustaka di perpustakaan universitas teknologi digital indonesia (UTDI) Yogyakarta. Hasil dari uji linear sederhana menunjukkan bahwa tata ruang perpustakaan berpengaruh sebesar 57,8% sedangkan 42,2% sisanya dipengaruhi oleh faktor lain yang tidak dibahas dalam penelitian ini.

Kata Kunci: Tata Ruang Perpustakaan, Kenyamanan, Perpustakaan Perguruan Tinggi

STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY
SUNAN KALIJAGA
YOGYAKARTA

ABSTRACT

THE INFLUENCE OF LIBRARY SPATIAL LAYOUT ON THE LEVEL OF USER COMFORT IN THE LIBRARY OF UNIVERSITAS TEKNOLOGI DIGITAL INDONESIA (UTDI) YOGYAKARTA

Linda Nur Fajri Wahyu Purwaningrum
21101040030

This research aims to determine whether the library layout influences the comfort level of library users at the library of Universitas Teknologi Digital Indonesia (UTDI) Yogyakarta. This research was conducted using a quantitative research method, with the analysis stage beginning with a descriptive test using mean and grand mean, normality test, linearity test, hypothesis test, and simple linear regression test. The data collection techniques in this study used observation, interviews, and questionnaires. Data measurement was carried out using a Likert scale with four answer choices. The results of the data analysis show that H1 is accepted, which means that the library layout significantly influences the comfort level of library users at the library of Universitas Teknologi Digital Indonesia (UTDI) Yogyakarta. The results of the simple linear test show that the library layout has an effect of 57.8%, while the remaining 42.2% is influenced by other factors not discussed in this study.

Keywords: Library Layout, Comfort, University Library

STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY
SUNAN KALIJAGA
YOGYAKARTA

FOREWORD

Assalamu'alaikum Wr, Wb

All praise and gratitude to the presence of Allah SWT, who has bestowed His mercy and guidance to the researcher. Sholawat, as well as always, we raise it to the Prophet Muhammad SAW always looking forward to his intercession. With the permission of Allah SWT and assistance from various parties, the researchers were finally able to complete their thesis with the title " The Influence of Library Spatial Layout on the Level of Comfort" Library users at the Universitas Teknologi Digital Indonesia (UTDI) Library in Yogyakarta” smoothly. The researcher said 'Thank you' to all the parties that have helped and provided support during the compilation of this final assignment. On this occasion, the researcher would like to express Thanks to:

1. Prof. Dr. Nurdin, S.Ag., SS, MA as Dean of the Faculty of Adab and Cultural Sciences, UIN Sunan Kalijaga Yogyakarta.
2. Muhammad Ainul Yaqin, S.Pd, M.Ed., as Head of Library Science Study Program.
3. Dr. Tafrikhuddin, S.Ag. M.Pd., as Supervising Lecturer, the thesis that has been providing direction, guidance and advice, and support during the compilation thesis.
4. All lecturers, administrative staff and employees of the Library Science Study Program, Faculty of Adab and Cultural Sciences, UIN Sunan Kalijaga Yogyakarta.

5. All over the librarian of the UTDI Yogyakarta Library who has assisted in data collection.
6. Beloved mother, who has given birth and care, as well as provided any support to me until now, until later next.
7. My father, who always gives enthusiasm, prayers, and support in everything.
8. Two younger siblings, Rachma Dwiyanti Sulistyoningrum and Fadly Rasyit Pamungkas. That always colors the writer's days and gives spirit until the moment.
9. To friends and relatives in my extended family who always give enthusiasm and support.
10. Fatin Ayu Uswatun Khasanah as a partner and friend, and as the tutor who always helps, I am fine as long as lectures or in the process of working on my thesis.
11. Qotrunnanda Isdandra Putri, as a partner and friend during the lecture and work period for this thesis, accompanies me here and there for research and becomes a partner in complaining about anything.
12. My beloved firends Nur Eprillita Widiyaningsih, Silvia Sayidatul Aqma, Fadhilatul Amri, Miftakhul Khasanah, Naila Rosyita Hardiana, Rizkia Nurhalisa, Salwa Nimaprilia, and Isnaini Nur Khasanah, who are always willing to be bothered for a good while lectures or in the process of working on this thesis.

13. OMIP Liberty, which has become a place for writers to develop and develop during become studies at UIN Sunan Kalijaga as well as give a new family for the writer.

14. Friends of KKN 302 Nafah, Ubaidah, Hawassy, Ikhsan, Vito, Zahro, Abdurrohman, Uswah, and Muna who became a new family and gave valuable experience during undergoing KKN.

15. Friends of the Library Science study program Class A, intake of 2021.

16. All parties who have contributed to the research and compilation thesis.

17. Lastly, my deepest gratitude to the author, myself, Linda Nur Fajri Wahyu Purwaningrum. Thank you for completing this thesis as a form of responsibility in achieving your education in college to completion. Thank you for struggling this far, even though you had to go through it alone. Thank you for not giving up both during college and during the work on this thesis. You are great at anything.

May Allah reward you for the goodness you have done assist researchers in completing this thesis. Hopefully, this research can be useful for other parties.

Thank You.

Wassalamualaikum Wr, Wb

LIST OF CONTENTS

ENDORSEMENT PAGE	ii
STATEMENT OF AUTHENTICITY	iii
OFFICIAL MEMO	iv
DEDICATION PAGE	v
MOTTO	vi
INTISARI	vii
ABSTRACT.....	viii
FOREWORD	ix
LIST OF TABLES.....	xv
LIST OF FIGURES	xvii
BAB I.....	2
INTRODUCTION	2
1.1. Background.....	2
1.2. Formulation Problem.....	5
1.3. Research purposes	5
1.4. Benefits of research	5
1.4.1. Theoretical Benefits.....	5
1.4.2. Practical Benefits.....	5
1.5. Hypothesis	6
1.6. Systematics Writing.....	6
CHAPTER II.....	8
LITERATURE REVIEW AND THEORETICAL BASIS.....	8
2.1. Literature review	8
2.1. Theoretical basis.....	12
2.2.1 Influence.....	12
2.2.2 Library Layout.....	13
2.2.2.1. Definition of Library Layout	13
2.2.2.2. Library Spatial Layout Indicators.....	15
2.2.3 Library	17
2.2.4 Comfort Level	18
2.2.5 College Library.....	21
CHAPTER III	23

RESEARCH METHODS	23
3.1. Types of research.....	23
3.2. Place and Time of Research	23
3.3. Population and Research Sample	23
3.3.1. Population.....	23
3.3.2. Sample	24
3.4. Data Collection Technique	25
3.4.1. Observation.....	25
3.4.2. Interview.....	26
3.4.3. Questionnaire.....	26
3.5. Research Instruments.....	27
3.5. Validity and Reliability Test	28
3.5.1. Validity Test.....	28
3.5.2. Reliability Test	29
3.6. Data analysis.....	30
3.6.1. Descriptive Analysis.....	30
3.6.1.1. Mean	30
3.6.1.2. Grand Mean	30
3.6.2. Classical Assumption Test	31
3.6.2.1. Normality Test.....	32
3.6.2.2. Linearity Test.....	32
3.6.3. Hypothesis Testing.....	33
3.6.4. Simple Linear Regression Analysis.....	33
CHAPTER IV	36
RESEARCH RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	36
4.1. Overview of Research Location	36
4.1.1. Brief History of the UTDI Yogyakarta Library	36
4.1.2. Vision and Mission of UTDI Yogyakarta Library	37
4.1.3. Structure UTDI Yogyakarta Library Organization	37
4.1.4. Library Facilities	37
4.1.5. Code of Conduct for Visitors	38
4.1.6. Procedure Borrowing and Returning.....	39

4.1.7. Collection Types	39
4.1.8. Type of Service	40
4.2. Overview of UTDI Yogyakarta Library Spatial Layout	42
4.3. Instrument Validity and Reliability Tests.....	44
4.3.1. Validity Test Results	44
4.3.2 Reliability Test Results	45
4.4. Data Analysis Results	46
4.4.1. Classical Assumption Test Results	46
4.4.2. Results of Analysis of Library Spatial Layout Variables.....	48
4.4.3. Comfort Level Analysis Results Librarian.....	58
4.4.4. Hypothesis Test Results	66
4.4.3. Simple Linear Regression Test Results	67
4.5. Discussion of Research Results.....	68
CHAPTER V	70
CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTIONS.....	70
5.1. Conclusion.....	70
5.2. Suggestion	71
BIBLIOGRAPHY	72
ATTACHMENT	75

STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY
SUNAN KALIJAGA
 YOGYAKARTA

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1: Similarities and Differences with Reviewed Literature.....	11
Table 3.1: Research Instrument	28
Table 3.2: Questionnaire Answer Assessment Scale	28
Table 3.3: Interpretation of Descriptive Analysis.....	32
Tabel 3.4: Interpretation of Coefficients Correlation	35
Table 4.1: UTDI Yogyakarta library facilities.....	39
Table 4.2: Validity Test of Instruments for Variable X and Variable Y	46
Table 4.3: Reliability Test Variable X and Variable Y	47
Table 4.4: Normality Test Results	49
Table 4.5: Linearity Test Results	49
Table 4.6: The library is in a strategic location.....	50
Table 4.7: The library location is easy for visitors to reach.....	51
Table 4.8: The library has a safe room.....	51
Table 4.9: The condition of the library room is clean.....	52
Table 4.10: The average results of respondents' answers to general indicators.....	52
Table 4.11: The library provides attractive study room facilities	53
Table 4.12: The library provides an interesting discussion space	53
Table 4.13: The average results of respondents' answers to the library space or building indicator	54
Table 4.14: The library has adequate storage space for its printed collections.	55
Table 4.15: The library has adequate storage space for digital collections.	55
Table 4.16: The library provides adequate technology and communication tools, such as computers, televisions, internet networks, and LCDs.....	53
Table 4.17: The library has a security system in the form of CCTV	56
Table 4.18: The library has a security system in the form of a Light Fire Extinguisher (APAR).....	57
Table 4.19: The library has toilet facilities that can be used by visitors.....	57
Table 4.20: The library has signs showing directions to the library space.	58
Table 4.21: The library has nameplates to make it easier for users to find the library space	59
Table 4.22: The library has air conditioning for the care of collection materials.....	59
Table 4.23: The average results of respondents' answers to the library furniture or equipment indicators	60
Table 4.24: Recapitulation of results score library spatial variables.	61
Table 4.25: Available library equipment organized in a way neat so that makes the librarian feel comfortable.....	62
Table 4.26: Library furniture arranged neatly so that it makes the librarian feel comfortable.	62
Table 4.27: Arrangement of library equipment and furnishings provides freedom to do activities in the library.	63
Table 4.28: The average results of respondents' answers to the layout indicator.....	63

Table 4.29: The Coloring room creates a sense of comfort in view while in the library.	64
Table 4.30: The Coloring room gives coolness in doing activities in the library.	64
Table 4.31: The average results of respondents' answers to the coloring indicator....	65
Table 4.32: The library has lighting that suits the needs in the library space.....	66
Table 4.33: The average results of respondents' answers to the lighting indicator.....	66
Table 4.34: The Temperature of the air in the library room is stable (not too hot / too cold).	67
Table 4.35: The library has a regulated temperature (AC) that provides a sense of comfort librarian.	67
Table 4.36: The average results of respondents' answers to the temperature indicator for air.	68
Table 4.37: Recapitulation results score variable level comfort librarian.	69
Table 4.38: Hypothesis Test Results.....	70
Table 4.39: Simple Linear Regression Test Results	71
Table 4.40: Coefficient Test Results Correlation.....	71

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1 Circulation bookshelf	43
Figure 2 Reading table (reading room) and computer for library users.....	43
Figure 3 Lights and AC.....	44



BAB I

INTRODUCTION

1.1. Background

The library is one aspect that cannot be separated from human life. One of the benefits that humans can experience is accessing information, both in printed and non-printed forms, from the library. The library, as a provider of information sources, will provide various information resources that can be used by its users. Libraries can be interpreted as a place used to store, process, and search for information in printed form and non-print (Saleh A. R., 2020, p. 1.5). Libraries are not only used to store a collection of books, but also to empower collections in the library so that they can be utilized by their users. In addition to collections, the arrangement of space in the library also needs attention.

In its management, the library does consider its layout. The library should not only focus on providing collection materials but also pay attention to arranging its space. This is essential to attract the interest of librarians visiting the library, there is a demand for fulfillment of library user needs and the development of library systems, the development of types of library material collections, and the demands for improved quality information services, especially in this advanced era (Lasa, 2008, p. 77). Besides that, providing A space with a comfortable and attractive layout can also be a challenge for libraries.

Spatial planning can be a challenge for librarians because, in its implementation, the arrangement is. Space must be used to the maximum. Arranging the room in the library must look at the psychological aspect of librarians and the aesthetic aspects (Azura, 2022, p. 2). This needs to be done

because with the arrangement appropriate room, the librarian can move freely, and then it will create a sense of comfort while in the library.

Arranging library space is important to maximize to production of an attractive and functional library (Azura, 2022, p. 3). Library layout is the process of arranging a room where room that it will be fully used for library activities. The layout of the library also has a function to facilitate the work process that occurs in the library itself. Several conditions need to be considered when structuring the space in the library, such as the wide space, location access, and lighting or illumination (Lestari & Madeten, 2020, pp. 3-4). The next condition is the temperature and humidity air, these two things need to be considered so that the librarian feels comfortable with a temperature and humidity suitable. With the implementation condition, it is hoped that library users will feel at home and stay longer in the library because of the layout. the room has been customized.

Comfort comes from the word comfort, which means fresh, healthy, delicious, cool, and tasty (Bahasa, 2017, p. 695). Comfort here is closely related to the environment around. This is related to the importance of a place that provides a sense of comfort for users or librarians so that they do not feel bored or fed up when in the library.

From the several descriptions that have been mentioned, the arrangement of library space needs to be given optimal attention by paying attention to various aspects. Arrangement: An attractive and functional library room will create a sense of comfort. to the librarian. So that the librarian will have a feeling of wanting to return visit the library again.

The Library of the Universitas Teknologi Digital Indonesia (UTDI) Yogyakarta is one of the facilities provided by the Universitas Teknologi Digital Indonesia (UTDI) Yogyakarta. This facility is provided by related institutions to support learning and information resources for librarians, both students and all academics at the Universitas Teknologi Digital Indonesia (UTDI) Yogyakarta. This library pays attention to spatial planning to improve the comfort of visitors who visit the library. The mention of Universitas Teknologi Digital Indonesia (UTDI) Yogyakarta from now on will only use UTDI Yogyakarta.

Based on the results of observations, the Library of the UTDI Yogyakarta has provided various facilities for librarians. The facilities available among them are the reading room, services circulation, collections owned by the library, space for service references, and computers. The layout of the library of UTDI Yogyakarta is also good. However, several things can cause librarians to feel uncomfortable while in the library of the UTDI Yogyakarta, such as poor lighting, space lack of reference areas, and the area of library in general overall which is considered less acceptable to visitors the library. In addition, the library is also often used for learning, eye is studying so that the library is increasingly full of users. Even though the library has as it should be own good lighting and, according to standards, as well as provision a room large enough to accommodate the librarian so that the librarian feels comfortable when in the library.

From the presentation of the above problems, the author is interested in exploring further information and conducting research with the title "The

Influence Of Library Spatial Layout On The Level Of User Comfort In The Library Of Universitas Teknologi Digital Yogyakarta (UTDI) Yogyakarta”.

1.2. Formulation Problem

Formulation The problem of this research is how spatial planning influences to level of comfort of library users at the Library of the Universitas Teknologi Digital Yogyakarta (UTDI) Yogyakarta.

1.3. Research purposes

This study aims to determine the influence of library layout on the comfort level of library users at the Library of the Universitas Teknologi Digital Yogyakarta (UTDI) Yogyakarta.

1.4. Benefits of research

1.4.1. Theoretical Benefits

In general, theoretically, this research is expected to be used by other researchers in researching the influence of library layout and facilities on level librarian comfort and add author's knowledge.

1.4.2. Practical Benefits

The expected practical benefits of this research are:

- a. For researchers, it is hoped that they will be able to add insight into the influence of library layout and facilities on the level comfort of librarians in the library.
- b. For readers, this research is expected to be able to add knowledge to readers regarding the influence of spatial planning and facilities on the comfort level of librarians in the library.

1.5. Hypothesis

Hypothesis is the first step before done data collection, in this study, the author formulated the following hypothesis:

H₀: No influence between levels of comfort users with the library layout at the UTDI Yogyakarta Library.

H₁: There is an influence between comfort levels of users with the library layout at the UTDI Yogyakarta Library.

1.6. Systematics Writing

Systematic writing in this research is divided into five chapters, namely as follows:

CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION. This chapter contains research background, formulation problems, research objectives, research benefits, and systematic writing.

CHAPTER II LITERATURE REVIEW AND THEORETICAL BASIS. This chapter contains a review literature presented by several similar researchers and the theoretical basis theory that explains fundamental theories to be used as a reference in research.

CHAPTER III RESEARCH METHODS. This chapter contains the methods used in the research, including the type of research, time and place of research, population and research samples, and techniques. data collection, validity and reliability testing, and data analysis techniques used.

CHAPTER IV DISCUSSION. This chapter contains the results of research conducted by the author.

CHAPTER V CLOSING. This chapter contains the conclusion, a brief of the problems contained in the formulation problem.



CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTIONS

5.1. Conclusion

Based on the results of research and discussion conducted by the author regarding "The Influence Of Library Spatial Layout On The Level Of User Comfort In The Library Of Universitas Teknologi Digital Yogyakarta (UTDI) Yogyakarta" the author concludes that:

The library layout has an influence on level security librarians seen from the R square, which showed a result of 57.8% and was included in the moderate influence. While the remaining 42.2% is influenced by other factors not examined in this study. In addition, the value of the significance obtained from the calculation results is $0.000 < 0.050$, which means that there is a significant influence of variable X (library layout) on variable Y (level comfort librarian).

So H_1 , namely, there is a relationship between the level of comfort of the users and the layout of the library at the UTDI Yogyakarta Library, is accepted. While H_0 , namely, there is no relationship between the level of comfort of the users and the layout of the library at the UTDI Yogyakarta Library, is rejected. This means that the layout of the library has a significant influence on the level of comfort of the users.

5.2. Suggestion

Based on the research that has been conducted, the author presents several suggestions that are expected to provide benefits and become considerations, namely:

1. For librarians, it is expected to be able to do repairs and improvements or arrange library space optimally to create a more comfortable atmosphere for librarians, so it will be more interesting interest them to visit the library.
2. For librarians, it is expected to provide input or feedback regarding library layout for comfort while in the library environment can continue to be improved.



BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Aditya, F., & Khasanah, J. (2020). Perubahan Tingkat Kenyamanan berdasarkan Indeks Panas (Humidex) di Kalimantan Barat. *Megasains*, 8.
- Afprima, A. (2022). *Pengaruh Tata Ruang Perpustakaan Terhadap Tingkat Kunjungan Pemustaka di perpustakaan Umum Daerah Tanah Datar*. Batusangkar: Program Studi Ilmu Perpustakaan dan Informasi Islam Fakultas Ushuludin Adab dan Dakwah IAIN Batusangkar.
- Alokluk, J. (2020). Attitude of Students towards the Use of Library Facilities: A Case Study. *International Journal of Humanities Social Sciences and Education (IJHSSE)* , 24-36.
- Arikunto. (2021). *Prosedur Penelitian: Suatu Pendekatan Praktik*. Jakarta: Rineka Cipta.
- Asriani. (2017). *Analisis Pemanfaatan Koleksi Pojok India di UPT Perpustakaan Universitas Negri Makassar*. Makassar: Ilmu Perpustakaan, UIN Alauddin Makassar.
- Azura, H. (2022). *Tingkat Kenyamanan Pemustaka terhadap Ruang Baca di Perpustakaan Dewan Pimpinan Majelis Ulama Indonesia (MUI) Kota Binjau Sumatera Utara*. Banda Aceh: Fakultas Adab dan Humaniora UIN Ar-Raniry.
- Azwar. (2023). Pengaruh Desain Interior Perpustakaan Terhadap Kenyamanan Pengguna di Perpustakaan IAIS Sambas. *Jurnal Sosiologi Pendidikan dan Pendidikan IPS (SOSPENDIS)* Vol. 1 No. 2, 107-109.
- Babadu, J.S, & Zain. (2001). *Kamus Umum Bahasa Indonesia*. Jakarta: Pustaka Sinar Harapan.
- Bafadal, I. (2009). *Pengelolaan Perpustakaan Sekolah*. Jakarta: Bumi Aksara.
- Bahasa, T. P. (2017). *Kamus Besar Bahasa Indonesia*. Jakarta: Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan. Retrieved from Kamus Besar Bahasa Indonesia.
- Basuki, S. (2014). *Materi Pokok Pengantar Ilmu Perpustakaan*. Tangerang Selatan: Universitas Terbuka.
- Cahyono, T. (2016). *Statistik Deskriptif (Analisis Univariat)*. Purwokerto: Yayasan Sanitarian Banyumas (Yasamas).
- Fakhran, M. D. (2019). *Pengaruh Kenyamanan Tata Ruang Perpustakaan Umum Freedom Institute Terhadap Budaya Baca Pemustaka*. Jakarta: Program Studi Ilmu Perpustakaan Fakultas Adab dan Humaniora UIN Syarif Hidayatullah.
- Ghozali, I. (2023). *Aplikasi Analisis Multivariate dengan Program SPSS*. Semarang: Badan Penerbit Universitas Diponegoro.

- Hakim, R. (2006). *rancangan Visual Lansekap Jalan*. Jakarta: Bumi Aksara.
- Hikmawati, F. (2020). *Metodologi Penelitian*. Depok: Rajawali Press.
- Huda, S. (2020). *Pengaruh Tata Ruang Terhadap Kenyamanan Pemustaka di Perpustakaan FKIP Universitas Syiah Kuala*. Banda Aceh: Fakultas Adab dan Humaniora UIN Ar- Raniry.
- Iba, Z., & Wardhana, A. (2024). *Analisis Regresi dan Analisis Jalur Untuk Riset Bisnis Menggunakan SPSS 29.0 & SMART-PLS 4.0*. Jawa Tengah: Eureka Media Aksara.
- Irianto, A. (2015). *Statistik: Konsep Dasar Aplikasi & Pengembangannya (4 ed)*. Jakarta: Prenada Media.
- Khasanah, U. (2020). *Pengantar Microteaching*. Yogyakarta: CV Budi Utama.
- Lasa, H. (2008). Tata Ruang Perpustakaan Perguruan Tinggi. *UNILib Jurnal Perpustakaan*, 76-81.
- Lestari, A., & Madeten, S. S. (2020). Manajemen Perencanaan Tata Ruang Perpustakaan SMP Negeri 8 Pontianak. *Jurnal Pendidikan dan Pembelajaran*, 3.
- Priyanto, D. (2010). *Teknik Mudah dan Cepat Melakukan Analisis Data Penelitian Dengan SPSS dan Tanya Jawab Ujian Pendadaran*. Yogyakarta: Gava Media.
- Purnomo, B. H. (2011). Metodologi Teknik Pengumpulan Data dalam Penelitian Tindakan Kelas (classroom action research). *Jurnal Pengembangan Pendidikan*, 8.
- Rahayu, S. (2017). Mengenal Perpustakaan Perguruan Tinggi Lebih Dekat. *Buletin Perpustakaan*, 104.
- Reja, U. R. (2023). *Pengaruh Tata Ruang Perpustakaan Terhadap Tingkat Kenyamanan Pemustaka di Dinas Perpustakaan dan Kearsipan Aceh*. Banda Aceh: Fakultas Adab dan Humaniora UIN Ar-Raniry.
- Riyanto, S., & Hatmawan, A. A. (2020). *Metode Riset Penelitian Kuantitatif: Penelitian di Bidang Manajemen, Teknik, Pendidikan, dan Eksperimen*. Yogyakarta: Deepublish.
- Romdona, S., Junista, S. S., & Gunawan, A. (2025). Teknik Pengumpulan Data: Observasi, Wawancara, dan Kuesioner. *JISOSEPOL: Jurnal Ilmu Sosial Ekonomi dan Politik*, 44.
- Saleh, A. R. (2020). *Manajemen Perpustakaan*. Tangerang Selatan: Universitas Terbuka.
- Saleh, A., & Komalasari, R. (2014). *Pengertian Perpustakaan dan Dasar - Dasar Manajemen perpustakaan*. Manajemen Perpustakaan.

- Simamora, B. (2008). *Panduan Riset Perilaku Konsumen*. Jakarta: PT Gramedia Pustaka Utama.
- Sugiyono. (2019). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif, dan R&D*. Bandung: Alfabeta.
- Sugiyono. (2020). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif dan Kualitatif dan R&D*. Bandung: Alfabeta.
- Sutarno. (2016). *Perpustakaan dan Masyarakat*. Jakarta: Yayasan Obor Indonesia.
- Suwarno. (2011). *Perpustakaan dan Buku*. Yogyakarta: Ar-Ruzza Media.
- Syarifuddin, A. (2021). Pengaruh Pembelajaran Daring Selama Pandemi Covid-19 Terhadap Hasil Belajar Mahasiswa Program Studi Pendidikan Matematika STKIP Paris Barantai. *CENDEKIA: Jurnal Ilmiah Pendidikan*, 200.
- Universitas Teknologi Digital Indonesia. (n.d.). *Universitas Teknologi Digital Indonesia*. Retrieved from Profil UTDI: <https://www.utdi.ac.id/site/profile/9>
- Utami, K. C. (2016). *Integrasi Teori/Model Kenyamanan (Kolcaba) pada Ruang Perawatan Risiko Tinggi*. Denpasar: Program Studi Ilmu Keperawatan Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Udayana.
- Yusuf, M. A., & dkk. (2024). Analisis Regresi Linier Sederhana dan Berganda Beserta Penerapannya. *Journal on Education*, 13334.

STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY
SUNAN KALIJAGA
YOGYAKARTA